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HONGKONG, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1904.

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Intimations
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Hongkong, September 17, 1904. 2547
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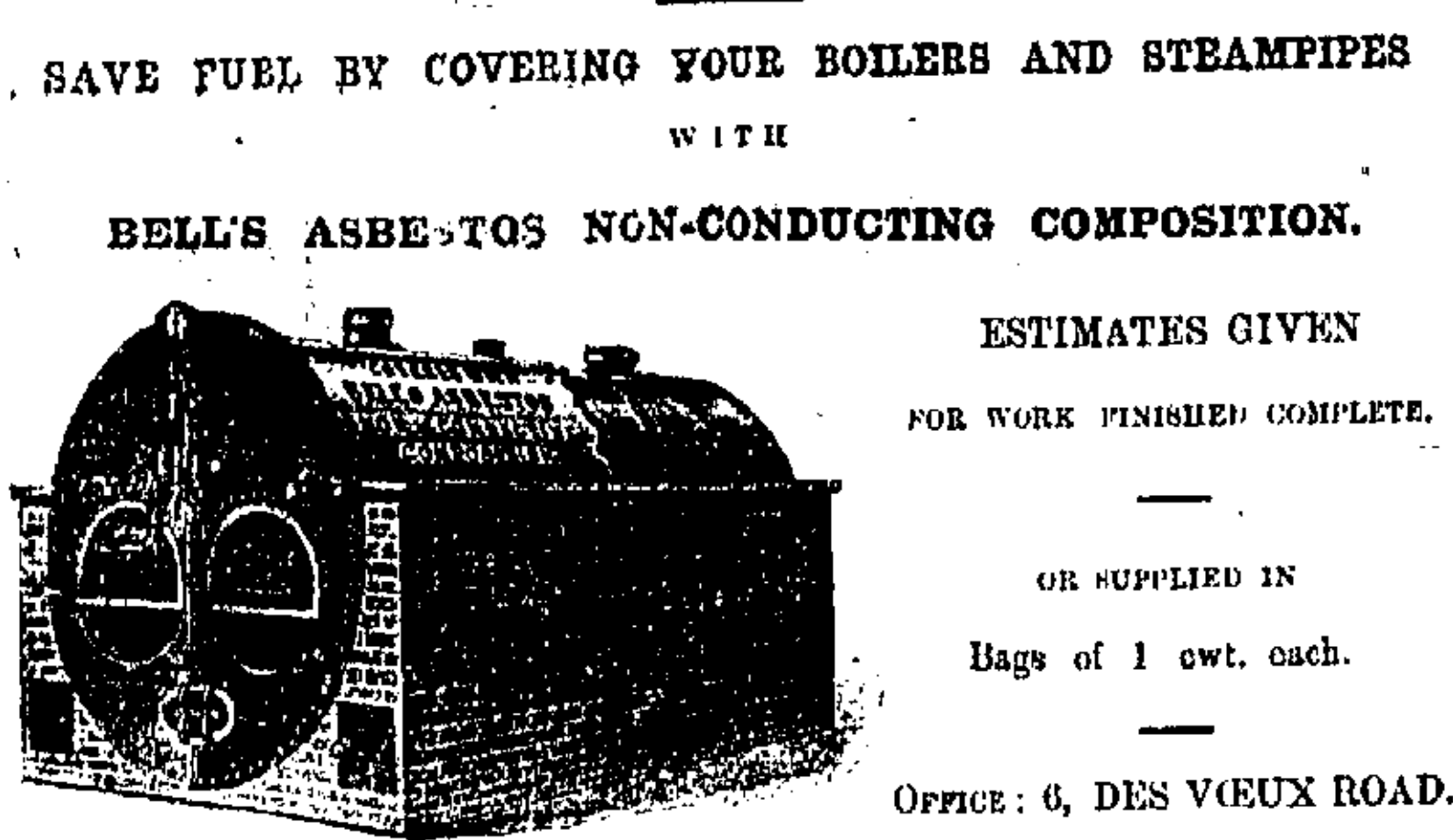
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Coal sold in 1903 by the Company amounted to 1,210,000 tons.

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Intimations.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICES, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th SEPTEMBER, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers, together with a Statement of Account to 30th June, 1904. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 19th to the 26th SEPTEMBER, both days inclusive.

DOUGLAS LARPAIK & CO., General Managers.
Hongkong, September 13, 1904. 1878

HONGKONG FOOTBALL CLUB.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF MEMBERS will be held in the HONGKONG HOTEL, on WEDNESDAY, 28th September, at 5.30 p.m. H. F. CHARD, Hon. Secretary.
Hongkong, September 17, 1904. 1701

THE HONGKONG STRAM WATER BOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Hongkong Steam Water B. Co. Company, Limited, will be held at the REGISTERED OFFICES of the Company, No. 37, Connaught Road, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, on THURSDAY, the 22nd day of September, 1904, at 12 NOON, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the proposed Special Resolutions, which should be submitted to the required majority they will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a Second Extraordinary Meeting which will be subsequently convened.
Dated 13th day of September, 1904.
By Order of the Consulting Committee, J. W. KEW, Manager.

1. That it is expedient to acquire and take over by way of amalgamation the business and undertaking of Messrs LANK, CRAWFORD and Company of Supplying Fresh Water to Ships and Vessels in the Harbour of Hongkong, and that the provisional agreement for the purpose submitted to this Meeting be and is hereby approved and that the Managing and Consulting Committee of this Company be and they are hereby authorised to adopt and ratify the said agreement and to carry the same into effect and to affix the Common Seal of this Company thereto with full power to assent to any modifications in the agreement which they may think expedient in the interests of this Company either before or after the adoption thereof, and that if the said agreement becomes absolute the Consulting Committee be and they are hereby empowered to increase the Capital of this Company to \$15,000 by the creation of 7,500 new shares of \$10 each to be issued as fully paid up shares and to be allotted to Messrs Lank, Crawford and Company in consideration of the sale by them to the Company of their business of supplying fresh water to ships and vessels in the Harbour of Hongkong.

2. That the Articles of Association be altered in the following manner:—
The following article shall be substituted for Article 65, namely:—
"Joseph Whitley Kew shall be the Manager of the business of the Company and shall be entitled to hold office for the term of five years from the 1st day of October 1904 and he shall have the option at the expiration of the said term of five years of being the Manager of the business of the said Company for a further period of five years provided he exercises his said option in writing not less than six months prior to the expiration of the said first term of five years. During the said term of five years and the further term of five years the said Joseph Whitley Kew shall resign at any time upon giving to the Consulting Committee six calendar months previous notice in writing of his intention so to do. The said Joseph Whitley Kew shall once during the said term of five years and once during the further term of five years (if he shall then be manager of the business of the Company) be entitled to leave of absence for a period of six calendar months. The said Joseph Whitley Kew while holding the said office shall (save as aforesaid) reside in Hongkong.

The following article shall be substituted for Article 66, namely:—
"66. As remuneration for his services the said Joseph Whitley Kew shall be paid by the Company a salary of \$500 per month payable on the last day of every month and he shall further be paid a yearly bonus of two and a half per cent on the net profit of the Company as shown and declared by the Company's annual balance sheet. The said Joseph Whitley Kew shall be entitled to his said remuneration whilst on leave of absence. As remuneration for their services all subsequent Managers shall be paid such a salary as the Consulting Committee or the Company in General Meeting shall determine. Every Manager shall be reimbursed out of the Company's funds all moneys properly expended by him on the Company's behalf.
The following article shall be substituted for Article 78, namely:—
"78. There shall be a Consulting Committee consisting of not less than two or more than four members of the Company. Alfred Holland Skelton a member of the firm of Lane Crawford and Company, or in case of his death or absence from Hongkong one of the members of the firm of Lane Crawford and Company for the time being shall be a permanent member of the Consulting Committee and shall be entitled to retain office so long as Messrs Lane Crawford and Company hold 'not less than 10 shares in the Company.'
It shall be the duty of the Company in General Meeting to determine who shall be the remaining members for the time being of the Consulting Committee and they shall be appointed once in every year by the Company in General Meeting.
Article 82 shall be cancelled.
The following article shall be substituted for Article 83 to 123 be re-numbered 82 to 122 for reference accordingly.
In Article 84 (or as renumbered 83) the words:—'The sum of \$500 each per annum whilst holding office' shall be substituted for the words 'Shall not exceed \$750 per annum to be divided between the several members thereof in such manner as they shall agree upon.'
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FURNITUREELECTROPLATED,
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PROOF FILTERS,
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WHITE TURKISH
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COUNTERPANES.COOKING RANGES,
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REQUISITES.**WM. POWELL,**
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and STYLE
GUARANTEED.**WM. POWELL, Ltd.**
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THREE PLACED WHISKIES:1st—KING EDWARD VII.
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LIQUEUR.
White Label... ..\$10.50A Good 3rd—
'CLUB' \$15.00A Whisky that is perfect with 'TAN.'
Water.SOLE AGENTS:
H. PRIOR & CO.,

12, Queen's Road Central.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Miscellaneous.

Goods per *Avon* undelivered after this date at Noon will be subject to rent and landing charges.Goods per *Leisner* undelivered after 4 p.m. on this date landed.

General Memoranda.

TUESDAY, September 22:—

10 a.m.—Auction of Rice, Sugar, &c., at Central Police Station Compound, and at 2.30 p.m.—Auction of 20 Piculs of Rice, &c., at Water Police Station, Kowloon.

10.15 p.m.—Meeting of Shareholders of The Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., at Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Company's Offices.

Transfer Books of William Powell, Ltd., closed from this date to 27th September inclusive.

Goods per *Avon* not cleared at 4 p.m. on this date subject to rent.

WEDNESDAY, September 23:—

Noon Meeting of The National Bank of China, Ltd., at the Bank Premises.

SUNDAY, September 26:—

Goods per *Avon* undelivered after this date subject to rent.

TUESDAY, September 27:—

3 p.m.—Meeting of Shareholders of William Powell, Ltd., at the Bank Premises.

WEDNESDAY, September 28:—

Noon Meeting of Douglas Steamship Co., Ltd., at the Company's Office.

3.30 p.m.—Meeting of Hongkong Football Club at Hongkong Hotel.

Transfer Books of A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd., closed from this date to 30th October inclusive.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,

LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1841

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

CLARETS.

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CONDITION.

B. St. Estephe (Red Capelle)\$8.00 \$9.00

O. St. Julien (Red Capelle)10.00 11.00

D. La Rose (Red Capelle)13.50 14.50

Chateau Haut Brion (Cuvée)20.00 22.00

Chateau Mouton (Cuvée)24.00 26.00

Chateau D'Armailhacq24.00 26.00

Chateau Pontet28.00

Chateau La Tour33.00

Chateau Rauzan45.00

Chateau Lafite54.00

A. S. WATSON & Co., Limited.**ALEXANDRA****BUILDINGS.**BIRTH.
On 19th inst., at 'The Neuk' Peak, the Wife of Captain F. G. DAVIES, A.O.D., of a Daughter.

The publication of this issue commenced at 5.40 p.m.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1904.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The pruning knife is being applied early in the Philippines. Scarcely

has the effect of American colonisation been given a chance to show itself than the most effective method of reaching the unenlightened masses is being ruthlessly

maintained. When America took over the islands the boast was that she would teach the Filipino to govern himself.

She set out by introducing hundreds of teachers. Education was to be the lever to move the Filipino to a higher plane, but somehow the lever or the fulcrum of books has been found wanting.

Either the Filipino does not show any overwhelming desire to be dragged from his hut and have his story, the rule of three, and treatise on constitutional government knocked into his head, or the Americans have come to the conclusion that the game is not worth the candle.

Perhaps the cry of the 'Philippines for the Filipino' which has been growing in volume of late, has frightened the apostles of enlightenment off. They have probably found that the Filipino is beginning to know too much, and on the grounds that 'a little knowledge is a dangerous thing' arrived at the conclusion that it will in future be profitable to let him know even less than a little.

Lack of funds is said to be the real reason for the curtailment of the teaching staff, but that excuse scarcely holds water, since there are hundreds of other ways of saving money in the Philippines than by attacking the most potent means of lifting the Filipino out of the rut of savagery.

That is if America really wants to lift him out. If she has found the job too big or too risky, she is doing what is best for herself, perhaps—dropping the 'little brown brother' like a hot potato.

The proposal to lay the proposed down another tramway to the Peak is causing

PEAK a considerable amount of discussion locally, and not a little feeling is being displayed in certain quarters. Why there should not be two tramways—or even twenty-two if people can be found to finance and patronise them—we fail to see.

The greatest impediment to business in these days of strenuous life is acknowledged to be competition, and competition in tramways is no more to be deprecated than competition in dry goods or shipping businesses.

Yesterday a correspondent to our columns, signing himself 'Let Us Pause,' bewailed the fact that another tramline is mooted, and his chief grounds for objection seem to be that there is not enough traffic to warrant the construction of the line as proposed, and that if it is constructed the result will be that one or both companies will go to the wall.

It seems to us that our correspondent has not much faith in the future expansion of this Colony, or in the business acumen of present residents. We do not wish to discuss the merits of the proposal at present, but we only desire to point out to our correspondent that he need have no fear for the financial safety of the general public. They will not put their money into any enterprise unless they think it will pay, and if they do not subscribe in the present case there will be no tramway. The existing tramline will be safe under any circumstances. When 'Let Us Pause' states that it will probably go to the wall if an opposition line is opened he speaks foolishly. He speaks more foolishly when he says both lines might go to the wall. As for a change in the proposed route, well, that, as Kipling would say, 'is another story.'

NOTHING LIKE EXPERIENCE.

One truth learned by actual experience does more good than ten experiences one hears about. Tell a man that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy will cure cholera morbus, and he will most likely forget it before the end of the day. Let him have a severe attack of that disease, feel that he is about to die, use this remedy, and learn from his own experience how quick it gives relief, and he will remember it all his life. For sale by ALL DEALERS: WATKINS & Co., Ltd., General Agents.

LOCAL AND COAST NEWS.

The annual meeting of the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club will be held in the Hongkong Hotel on Thursday, September 20 at 8 p.m.

The limewashing returns for the fortnight ended September 14, show that in the eastern district 1136 houses have been limewashed since last report. In the central division the number is put down at 80.

Band at the Kowloon Hotel.

The band will play at this Hotel on Saturday evening instead of Thursday evening for this week only. The programme will appear in due time.

Kowloon Cricket Club.

A proposal is on foot in Kowloon having as its object the formation of a cricket club. Dr. Swan is pushing the movement along, and there is no doubt that the Club will be formed.

Wanchai Bath House.

The Governor has approved of the Sanitary Board's recommendation that additional accommodation should be provided at the Wanchai bath house to enable a part of the house to be reserved for bathers other than coal coolies.

Alice Memorial Hospital.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Netherdale Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the funds of the Hospitals:—

H. E. Sir Matthew Nathan, £100; Chau Sun, £20.

Amoy not Infected.

The following Government notification was issued to-day:—It is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to direct the withdrawal of the Proclamation No. 6 of 1904, declaring Amoy to be a plague or port at which an infectious or contagious disease prevails, and this same is hereby withdrawn.

The 'Yellow Dragon.'The September number of the *Yellow Dragon*, the organ of the Queen's College, is, as usual, full of interesting matter apropos of schools. The present issue is No. 1 of Volume 6. Last month the circulation was 500. The Journal is rapidly growing popular.**Lawn Bowls.**

On September 17, on the Civil Service Club's ground, the return lawn bowls match between 'England' and 'Scotland' was played. The result was an easy win for 'England.' The teams were:—

ENGLAND:—W. H. Woodley, J. Abley, P. T. Lambie, F. Howell (Skip).

SCOTLAND:—T. P. MacDonnell, K. Pitt, J. Smith, J. Reilly (Skip).

On Saturday next it is proposed to play another match 'Scotland' v. 'Ireland,' when the following teams will play:—

IRELAND:—Dennis O'Keeffe, T. Parker (O'Connell), A. Moriarty, B. Dunn (Skip).

SCOTLAND:—J. Roddie, W. Melver, J. Smith, B. G. G. (Skip).

Brother Joshua.Amidst the passengers by the French Mail steamer *Bravo Simon*, which left on her homeward journey this afternoon, was Brother Joshua, Director of St. Joseph's College. Brother Joshua took charge of the college three years ago and under his guidance the Institution has made highly satisfactory progress and he has made a large circle of friends. He has been for upwards of thirteen years in the Orient and now proceeds to Colombo to spend a well earned holiday. Amongst those who saw him off were the teachers and the whole of the pupils of the College, who marched down to the wharf.**Kennedy Town Frozen Depot.**

A minute by the Colonial Veterinary Surgeon was laid on the table at this afternoon's meeting of the Sanitary Board regarding an outbreak of an infectious disease at the Kennedy Town Frozen Animal Depot. Mr. Rumball stated that some time ago a British Consul at one of the northern ports reported to the local Government that an infectious disease of some sort had broken out amongst cattle in the north of China. It would be well that all cattle coming from Shanghai should be isolated for a few days if possible. It was almost impossible for the Colonial Veterinary Surgeon to daily inspect every head of cattle in the sheds to detect symptoms of disease unless the whole of his time was put in at the sheds. The steps taken to prevent the spread of disease was all that could be done in the circumstances.

GENERAL NEWS.**British Footballers.**

The British team of footballers touring Australia and New Zealand concluded their New Zealand tour on August 20. They won two matches, lost two and drew one. New Zealand beat them, nine points to three, and Auckland defeated them, thirteen points to nil.

The Trade of Canada.

The trade of Canada with Great Britain during the last fiscal year declined 64 per cent., whilst that with the United States increased by nearly 12 per cent., says a telegram, dated August 24. The trade of Canada with Great Britain in 1903 amounted to £11,700,000 imports, and £26,240,000 exports. With the United States the trade was £27,521,000 imports, and £14,337,000 exports. The cable message, therefore, suggests that the aggregate trade with Great Britain has been reduced from £38,920,000 to £38,769,000, while that with the United States has been increased from £41,879,000 to about £45,930,000.

GENERAL NEWS.

Rinderpest is very prevalent in Tokio.

The report of a Russian attack on one of the Kurile Islands is now discredited.

The report of the death in the fighting at Liangyang of the son of General Terauchi, Minister of War, is officially contradicted.

The freights from America, which are about one-third the amount of the British, are causing a great flow of orders to that country.

According to the native papers, the Japanese successes have caused a large demand for Japanese goods among the Chinese at Shanghai.

Mr. E. R. Borden, Sidney Sussex College, son of Bishop Bordon, has been appointed assistant curator of the Botanical Museum, Cambridge.

An intercolonial conference to consider the question of shipping freights sat at Johannesburg in August with a view to remedying disabilities experienced by the colonies and British manufacturers.

The Ven. T. H. Freer, M.A., late Canon of Southwell and Rector of Sudbury, Derbyshire, who died suddenly recently, devised £20,000 towards founding a Bishopric of Birmingham.

The woollen mills at Montreal have been placed on half-time owing to British goods which were imported on the eve of the change in the tariff sufficing to supply the Dominion for two years.

The *China Times* says: 'Dr. Ross and Dr. Christie left Peking on Tuesday on their return to Mukden. In view of the Japanese advance beyond Lianyungang, which will compel the retirement of the Russian guard from Hsinmin-tsun, if that movement has not taken place already, the journey to Mukden is attended with uncertainties.'**Big Fire in Antwerp.**

A telegram from London, dated August 27, says that a tremendous fire broke out at Hoboken, Antwerp, and is likely to continue for days, caused by the igniting of a leakage and explosion of the Russian torpedoes Company's tanks, and set fire to 40,000 tons of oil including the American Standard Company's oil. Six workmen perished. The damage is estimated at a quarter of a million sterling.

H.M.S. Columbine Wrecked.H.M.S. *Columbine*, special service vessel for the Newfoundland fisheries, sent on the rocks at Green Bay, Newfoundland, late in August. She was, however, floated off. The *Columbine*, formerly the *Hikari*, is a steel screw special service vessel, and was purchased in 1897 for fisheries supervision duties at Newfoundland. She has a displacement of 250 tons, and with an indicated horse-power of 200, her speed is 9 knots.**Straits Treasury Swindled.**

A cheque of the value of \$2,850, purporting to be drawn by the Straits Treasury, in favour of a Chinaman, has been forged and cashed. The cheque was one of the Chartered Bank's, and was presented at the bank, and endorsed by the presenter, and was cashed by the bank. The discovery of the matter was made by a discrepancy in accounts which led to a search through the counterfoils was discovered. On the bank going into the matter it was found the sum had been paid out. The forgery of Mr. Penney's name is bad, but that of the chief clerk is said to be excellent. The matter is being enquired into.

The Anti Foot-binding Crusade.H. E. Chou Fu, Governor of Shantung province, has, says the *N. C. Daily News*, recently memorialised the Throne complaining that notwithstanding the Empress Dowager's strict commands forbidding the custom of foot-binding it has increased in prevalence. The memorialist has expressed his indignation at the fact that if their daughters possess natural feet no one would accept them as daughters-in-law. The memorialist, however, thinks that while the larger portion of the higher classes are the uselessness of bound feet and endeavour to obey the Imperial Majesty's edict on the subject, the lower and baser classes who still stick to the old custom and continue to bind their daughters' feet, and that only some drastic course can force them to obey the Empress Dowager's expressed wishes. But as her Majesty has already feared, if those who bind their children's feet are allowed to go unpunished, the Imperial Majesty's edict will be brought to book by the officials and punished for disobeying the Imperial commands, this will at once give an excuse for dishonest and grasping yamen underlings to oppress and 'squeeze' harmless people. Her Majesty's edict specially prohibited officials from interfering in the matter, leaving it to the parents of the young daughters, knowing that in refraining from binding their feet parents have the Imperial sanction and commendation. This is as it should be. Yet something must be done in order not to make her Majesty's commands too much of a dead letter. The memorialist therefore suggests that another decree be issued by her Majesty again exhorting parents to refrain from the cruel practice and strictly enjoining upon all respectable people to refuse to marry into families who refuse to bind their feet. In this way the memorialist hopes that in time the practice of foot-binding will die out of itself, without resorting to physical punishments and fines on benighted and obstinate parents.**BY TELEGRAPH.**

[REUTERS'S SERVICE.]

SERIOUS ILLNESS OF PRINCE BISMARCK.

London, September 18. Prince Bismarck is critically ill.

THE TIBET EXPEDITION.

Reuters's correspondent at Lhasa wires that the departure of the expedition is fixed for the 23rd instant.

A proclamation posted by order of the Emperor of China, announces that the Tashi Lama succeeds to the spiritual dignities of the Dalai Lama.

The *Nova Frempa* prognosticates a great movement of the Mongol Buddhists in February against British intervention in Tibet.**CONSUL McWADE GOES.**

Ordered to Washington.

Canton, September 19. The U. S. Consul General, Mr. R. McWade, has been ordered to Washington, and will be relieved shortly by Mr. Cheshire from the U. S. Diplomatic Service in Peking.

SUPREME COURT.

IN CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

(Before His Lordship, Sir H. S. Berkeley, Acting Chief Justice.) Tuesday, September 20.

THE 'LITTLE BROWN' TRAFFIC.

Wong Chun, Yeung Cheung and Chu Hui were indicted on three charges of unlawfully detaining certain persons, by force, intimidation and fraud, for the purposes of emigration.

The Attorney General presented, and the accused were undefended. They pleaded not guilty, and the following jurors were sworn:—Messrs N. J. Stubb, H. Craddock, E. G. Smith, M. H. Michael, F. G. Smith, O. I. Ellis and H. M. Basso.

Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C., Attorney General, said that the three prisoners were employed in the Kwong Hop Wo boarding house, the first is accountant, the second as watchman, and the third as a servant. The Kwong Hop Wo boarding house was licensed under the Emigration Ordinance, and was supposed to fulfil certain sanitary conditions under that Ordinance. He intended to show the jury that this case had brought to light a huge conspiracy, in which, without doubt, other persons were concerned, to defeat and prevent the beneficial provisions of the Ordinance made for the protection of emigrants. He would also prove that the trade of kidnapping emigrants was, unfortunately, a very common one in Hongkong. It was an offence which, obviously, was hard to discover, partly because the kidnapped persons were quickly shipped out of the Colony, and nothing more heard of them, and partly because they belonged to a proverbially stupid class of Chinese, called by the other classes *Chi Tsai* (Little Pigs).

He would also prove that the boarding house in question was known as the 'Little Brown' house, which was devoted solely to this traffic. Part of the proceeds of these men was to send accomplices to the Harbour Master to impersonate the kidnapped persons to secure the necessary permission under the Ordinance to allow them to ship the emigrants away.

The *Chief Justice* said:—You must confine yourself to the facts of the case, and not to any general remarks on the state of the Colony.The Attorney General said that he had carefully considered the case, and that the evidence would show that the observations he was making were more than justified. He was going to prove all the points he had mentioned; the police evidence was sufficient for that. The boarding house in question occupied the two upper floors of a four storied building, and extended right through from Des Voeux Road West to Connaught Road. The entrance to the premises was on the second floor, where there was a door at the top of the stairs leading to the docks above. At the side of the door was the accountant's office, so that nobody could leave or enter without passing the office. The whole arrangement, in fact, constituted a perfect prison. It was only by an accidental circumstance that the facts of the case became known. On August 16 a man, fell from the upper story to the street and was killed. The police, naturally enough, entered the house and made enquiries, which proved that the deceased was a kidnapped emigrant, who had fallen whilst trying to escape. All the people in the house, including the three prisoners, were detained. A number of emigrants, among whom were Leung Fo, Tam Ying, Leung Fong and Lo Chung, were found there, and they stated that they had been brought to Hongkong on the promise of employment here. The agent who brought them down paid all expenses for the journey. When they were landed here they were taken straight to the boarding house, being told that they could not leave it. As a matter of fact no one left from the time they landed until the police came in. They were all put in the front room on the top floor, and a watchman was stationed at the head of the stairs to prevent any of them leaving. They were threatened with all sorts of penalties if they endeavoured to escape. One of the threats made was that if they left they would be arrested by the police, and it spoke volumes for their credulity when it was considered that they believed the statement. It was clear that the men were terrified by the keepers of the boarding house, and were afraid to escape. The day before the police visited the house the boarding house keeper, knowing that ten men were to go to Singapore by the *Outhridge* steamer on the following day, secured accomplices to go to the Harbour Master to impersonate them and so obtain the necessary authority to ship the emigrants. The permission was granted, but the circumstance of the man falling from the top floor, and subsequent visit of the police, prevented the scheme from being successfully carried out. The first prisoner had pleaded guilty to the charge of falsifying the return he submitted to the Harbour Office.

Evidence was then led.

A verdict of guilty in each was returned, the third accused being recommended to mercy, as he acted under so much compulsion.

His Lordship sentenced the first and second prisoner to 18 months' hard labour, and the third prisoner to 6 months' imprisonment.

The Court adjourned sine die.

CORRESPONDENCE.**LIGHT THAT FAILED.**

To the Editor of the 'CHINA MAIL.'

SIR,—There is a screw loose somewhere, and the responsible department requires waking up a bit. On Saturday night, or rather on the early morning of the 18th, Queen's Road was as dark as pitch, and the lack of light afforded an excellent opportunity for burglars and robbers. If the Electric Co. are short of current they should borrow some from the Electric Tramway Co. so as to save the public from tumbling into the side channels or into the hands of thieves.—Yours, etc.,

PEDESTRIAN.

CANTON NOTES.

(From our Correspondent.)

THE CUSTOMS.

Canton, September 19.

Mr. R. de Luo, who has been acting Commissioner of Customs in Canton, has been promoted to the Commissioner-ship and is due to leave here to-morrow, (September 20) for Peking. There he will take up the post of Chinese Secretary.

Mr. F. Mayers, Deputy Commissioner at Tientsin, will shortly arrive here to take charge of the Customs.

In the interval Mr. S. Russell, Deputy Commissioner, will be in charge of affairs.

THE END OF SUMMER.

The weather is getting decidedly cooler and our long summer is almost at an end.

DUMPING OF RUBBISH.

The Committee's Report.

The sub-committee of the Sanitary Board recently appointed to consider the question of the scavenging of the Peak district, in consequence of the numerous complaints received from residents, was delivered at this afternoon's meeting of the Board. The report was as follows:—

There is no doubt that nothing approaching the amount of rubbish taken from houses in the Peak district ever reaches the district estimates. The Inspector in charge of the district estimates the amount, to be daily removed by the contractor, at 42.56 piculs, but we are inclined to think that is somewhat below the mark, and estimate the amount at between 45 and 50 piculs. On the two occasions, however, on which the rubbish has been weighed on its arrival at the dust boats, it was found to weigh on the first occasion, 2 piculs net, and on the second occasion 22 piculs net. On each occasion no opportunity was given to the coolies of getting rid of any of the rubbish between Victoria Gap and the boat. If those two days were average days the amount of rubbish removed to the dust boats during, say, the two months of May and June, would have been 1,280 piculs, while the amount would have been 2,900 piculs, according to our estimate. No doubt the balance, 1,620 piculs, was tipped into the nullahs and elsewhere on the hillside, and as a matter of fact, the amount of rubbish actually discovered on the hillside during these two months, by the officers of the Sanitary Department, was 1,228 piculs. The minimum number of coolies that the Peak contractor is required to supply is 30. The average number employed by him previous to the attention of the committee being drawn to this question is stated to have been 28. It appears to us that under proper management the number of coolies is sufficient, but if experience shows that it is not, the contractor should be called upon to supply a few more.

The present means of ensuring that the contractor carries out his work satisfactorily appears to us to be satisfactory, if the officers of the department exercise vigilance. It is not easy to discover the coolies in the act of dumping the rubbish, but in March and April four were discovered and convicted, and we are of the opinion that were the police directed to co-operate with the Sanitary Department and make special endeavours to prevent this practice a great deal might be done. If it has been dumped there, it is not so difficult to discover the rubbish as the tips will be no great distance from the house and the roads. On the discovery of these tips an officer of the Sanitary Department communicates with the contractor who is given a reasonable time to remove the refuse, and if he fails to do so the work is carried out by the Sanitary Department under section 21 of the contract, at the contractor's expense. Between March 29 and April 15 the contractor was charged \$110.84 on this account, and between May 9 and 19, \$418.46.

These means will ensure the rubbish getting no further than the dust boats, and it is not so difficult to discover the rubbish as the tips will be no great distance from the house and the roads. On the discovery of these tips an officer of the Sanitary Department communicates with the contractor who is given a reasonable time to remove the refuse, and if he fails to do so the work is carried out by the Sanitary Department under section 21 of the contract, at the contractor's expense. Between March 29 and April 15 the contractor was charged \$110.84 on this account, and between May 9 and 19, \$418.46.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

THE RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

ADDITIONAL STORES CAPTURED.

Large Amount of Foodstuffs.

JAPANESE OFFICIAL TELEGRAM.

Tokyo, Sept. 20, 1.55 p.m.

Marshal Oyama reports that further

investigation shows the following ad-

ditional trophies near Liaoyang:

16,000 bushels of barley, 30,000 bushels

of bran, 5,000 bushels of Chinese rice,

5,000 bushels of cracked barley,

25,000 bushels of millet, 1,300 boxes

of petroleum, 6,250 piculs of firewood,

110 tons of coal, 1400 boxes of

lump sugar.

353 Russian houses and 214 godowns

next to the railway station also fall in

our hands.

The quantity of coal which fell into

the possession of General Kuroki is

yet unknown.

[RUSSIAN SERVICE.]

THE GERMAN AND BRITISH

PRESS.

London, September 19.

The German semi-official newspapers are

broadly contradicting the recent statement

of the Times maintaining that a close under-

standing has been established between Ger-

many and Russia; the main evidence of

which was the transfer of the great German

fleet to Russia, the acceptance of a

contract for coaling the Baltic fleet and the

Volunteer cruisers, and the arrangement

for the Port Arthur squadron to co-operate

at Tsingtau.

The Times said it was safe to assume

that Germany's support had been given

to Russia in the first instance.

The Koenigsberg, it is thought, has

been sent to the Baltic coast, and

Germany to commit herself to a new

agreement in view of the new

gaining the issue of the war.

THE BATTLE OF LIAOYANG.

Thrilling Fighting.

Tientsin, September 18.

The food magazines and a portion of the

Russian town of Liaoyang are still burning.

The railway station is in ruins. The Jap-

anese captured only very few railway cars,

and no locomotives. The absence of the

latter is much hampering the Japanese

railway transport. But few wounded Rus-

sians remained at Liaoyang.

During the evacuation of the town, which

took place at night, a portion of soldiers

battled the houses, and stores, and

divided in backward front. A number

of drunken Japanese soldiers, others

called some Chinese.

The retreating Russians burnt the rail-

way bridge and all points.

General Kuroki's main position

formed a crescent-shaped line of fortifica-

tions along the newly captured hills west

and south of the town, stretching over

seven miles from flank to flank. They

consisted of chains of redoubts, which were

very skillfully constructed, and of some

miniature fortresses. One of the latter was

called "Little Port Arthur" owing to its

supposed impregnability. The works were

protected against the Japanese attack by

wire entanglements and deep pits with

mines. The Japanese and Russian killed

in some instances filled the trenches,

literally forming a bridge of dead. Men

who had lost their rifles fought in the

progress of the bloody mêlée with their

knives or with bayonets only. Many were

found locked in death's embrace, clutch-

ing each other's throats. The dead of both

sides were inevitably mingled, testifying

to the relentless ferocity of the fight.

Seven Russians fought after the main body

had retired, for fifteen hours in a covered

trench, but ultimately surrendered. The

heroism on both sides was unparalleled.

The Japs were too exhausted to press

the Russian retreat.

The interregnum on the night of the

third September between the Russian

evacuation of Liaoyang and the occupation

of the town by the Japanese was one of

most undecipherable horrors. The freed

Japanese, not under restraint, ran amok;

murder, arson, and pillage reigned.

General Kuroki's main position, in-

cluding the Russian administration, house,

were wrecked and looted. The furniture

was flung into the streets and smashed to

atoms while a general search for hidden

valuables was indulged in.

The failure of the Japanese movement

to encircle the enemy, and the conse-

quently unbroken retreat of General

Kuroki's main army, preclude the

anticipated early conclusion of this year's

operations and may prolong the duration

of the campaign.

The heavy rain is expected to last some

time. The Russians are scarce of food

owing to their baggage being sent away

first. The Japanese troops are in a bad

condition as regards rainy weather, and

supply of clothing are scarce.

The Japanese have issued at Liaoyang

paper money in denominations of ten, twenty,

and fifty cents each, payable after the end

of the war. The people are very unwilling

to take this money.—Osakaichi Lloyd.

[FRONTIER EXCHANGES.]

Cannading Port Arthur.

Canso, September 16.

A native junk which arrived at Chofoo

this morning from Dalny reports that from

daybreak of yesterday (14th) till before

moonlight cannonading had been heard

continuously and in the afternoon on y in-

termittently.

Sortle impossible.

Osaka, September 15.

The Russian 1st Army in Port Arthur

often try to carry out sorties in small parties

but they are always repulsed.

General Kuroki's Views.

Osaka, September 15.

A British journalist who arrived at Osa-

ka from Simning, this morning says

that without doubt General Kuroki

himself expected a victory over the Jap-

anese and defended his position furiously

against the attacking Japanese. In the

first three days of the fight all the war

correspondents attached to the Russian army

had been allowed to go to the fighting line

and three of them had been allowed to

ascend in a balloon to see the fight. Mr

McCallagh, of the New York Herald, had

his finger hurt by a Japanese shot.

Taitau River Bridge Repaired.

Tokyo, September 15.

A telegram from Liaoyang to the Asahi

says the sleepers of the railway bridge over

the Taitau River had been burnt but they

were soon repaired and the bridge has been

open for traffic from 5 p.m. of the 14th

instant.

Russian Bodies on the Field.

Tokyo, September 15.

The Imperial Headquarters received the

following information today: There is no

change in the Russian position at Mukden.

The Russian dead bodies left on the field

are about one thousand at General Kuroki's

position, about 1,300 at General Oku's and

about 800 at General Nodzu's.

The Russian Retreat.

Tokyo, September 15.

The Russians at Mukden are retreating

northward and official buildings and hos-

pitals have been hauled down the Russian flag.

Latest from Port Arthur.

Osaka, September 15.

A native junk which reached Tsingtau

from Port Arthur reports that the buildings

near Tsingtau Kow at the north-east of the

town are now used as hospitals and there

are over 10,000 sick and wounded in the

hospitals. The building at the Dock have

been burnt to the ground.

Defence of Mukden.

Osaka, September 15.

Tong Chih, Military Governor at Muk-

den, after consultation with the Russian

general, has recruited five or six hundred

native troops armed with sticks and

knives to defend the city.

These men co-operate with the Russian

troops in the defence of the city.

New Commanders-in-Chief.

Tokyo, September 15.

General Hasegawa (formerly Commander

of Imperial Guards Division) has been ap-

pointed Commander-in-Chief of the Jap-

anese forces in Manchuria, and General

Nogi (formerly Commander-in-Chief of the

Second Division) has been appointed Com-

mander-in-Chief of the Japanese garrison

in Korea.

Alleged Change of View in

England.

Tokyo, September 14.

The Kokuon Shinbun, a Japanese

editorial article, segregates the remarkable

change in British opinion as to the outcome

of the war. This, it holds, is principally

due to sponsored telegrams wired from

outside the war area by dissatisfied war-

correspondents, and based on erroneous

data. For some reason it hopes that the

authorities will treat the correspondents

more liberally, and it points out that Japan

has enemies outside the war area.

In reference to the retirement of the

foreign war correspondents, it is most

deeply regretted in the highest circles in

Tokyo, where it is hoped that it is a con-

siderable misunderstanding that will be im-

mediately cleared up, and it is believed that means

to this end are being adopted.

The Situation Near Mukden.

Tokyo, September 14.

The enemy south of the Hun River have

not retired, and are keeping in touch with

the Japanese and firing occasionally. Small

detachments of the enemy are posted

between Hsichimintan and Mukden. At

Tsingtau the Russians are keeping a close

watch on the Japanese, which was formally

recognised as neutral territory.

Value of Liaoyang to Japan.

Tokyo, September 16.

It is stated by a high authority that

Liaoyang is the economical centre and

richest point in Manchuria. By occupying

Liaoyang Japan virtually makes herself

the mistress of Manchuria, and Russia loses a

most valuable source of food supplies. In

view of the subsequent arrival of rein-

forcements from Russia to General Kuroki,

the prompt occupation of Liaoyang by

Japan was an opportunity effected, and

especially when the relative strength of the

opposing armies is considered. The war

supplies of ammunition and provisions

which the Russians themselves burned and

which were captured by the Japanese de-

stroyed the railway is replaced to this

purpose for a considerable time. dur-

ing which the transportation of troops will

be impeded.

The First National Army.

Tokyo, September 16.

The same high authority continues, that

the Japanese system of re-training the first

and second reserves is akin to the German

system, but better in some respects. The

reserve divisions are the flower of the

Japanese troops, their age and physique

making them fitter for the war than young

soldiers.

General Nicholson's

Indisposition.

Tokyo, September 16.

General Nicholson, attached to the

Japanese forces, is indisposed, and is

expected at Moji to-day or to-morrow for

change of air.

Horror of War.

Mr. M. R. Donohoe, writing for the Daily

Chronicle from Tientsin, gives a touch

of the trials to be borne by soldiers in the

present war. He says: "The left column

of the Japanese, when turning the Russian

position on the 1st, suffered terribly from

the effects of heat and thirst. They were

hours in a blazing sun exposed to a fearful

fire of the enemy's artillery, which was

readily effective. The Japanese were

constantly swept away while attempting to

storm the Russian position, and their

casualties were heavy. There were also

numerous cases of sunstroke. The Jap-

anese, maddened by thirst, ultimately dashed

down a stream in face of a galling fire. They

were unable to capture the position, but

the Russian retired during the night.

Confidence Returning at

Liaoyang.

Tokyo, September 16.

Japanese correspondents telegraph that

the reopening of the market has produced

a feeling of relief among the women and

children. The Jap news military notes are

being satisfactorily circulated.

Spoils of War.

Tokyo, September 15.

The Japanese have found large aban-

doned by the Russian sufficient for several

divisions for three months. They captured

ten second-class passenger cars and four

covered freight cars at Liaoyang, and

seven open cars at Tientsin.

Affairs in Mukden.

The Simingpo points out that the next

stand of the Russians will be at Tieling,

to the north of Mukden, at which place, a

few weeks ago extensive fortifications

were being constructed, and covered

trenches at the foot of the hills have been

and are being constructed. The Simingpo

states as follows:—A Peking telegram re-

ports that the Waiwupai has re-

ceived an urgent telegraphic message from

Fengtien, to the following effect:—The

Russians are retreating and concentrating

in this vicinity, and the Japanese are

following closely their footsteps. Mukden

Banks.

Salmon,—Ma Yau Yu	...	...	...	32	馬友魚
Shark,—Sa Yu	...	...	...	11	鯊魚
Skate,—Po Yu	...	...	...	9	鰐魚
Shrimps,—Ha	...	...	...	18	蝦
Snapper,—Lap Yu	...	...	...	18	土鯧
Soles,—Tat Sa Yu	...	...	...	16	鰨魚
Tench,—Wan Yu	...	...	...	14	鰱魚
Turbot,—Cho How Yu	...	...	...	15	左口魚
Turtles, small, fresh water,—Kerk Yu	...	...	...	75	湖鴨
White Bait,—Ngan Yu C	...	...	...	—	華魚

Fruits.					菓子
Almonds,—Hong Yan	...	...	...	20	杏仁
Apples, (California)—Kam San Ping Kho	...	...	...	20	金山平果
" (Chefoo)—Tin Chun Ping Khor	...	...	...	18	天祥平果
" Small,—Hoi Tong	...	...	...	12	海桃
" Custard,—Yau Lai Ohl	...	...	each	10	椰菜
BANANAS, fragrant, Canton,—San Shing	...	...	...	8	香峇蕉
Heung Chiu	...	...	...	3	香峇蕉
BANANAS, (brides), Macao—San Heung Chin	...	...	...	8	山香蕉
Chestnuts, Chinese,—Fong Lut	...	...	...	20	鳳栗
Carambola,—Yeung Tuo	...	...	...	—	楊桃
Cocoanuts,—Yeh Tse	...	...	each	9	椰子
Lemons, China—Ning Moong	...	...	...	12	檸檬

Lichees, Dried—Lai Chi Cou	20	荔枝乾
" Fresh— " "	—	荔枝
Limes, (Saigon)—Sai Kung Ning Moong... ..	5	檸檬
Mango, Manila—Lui Sung Mong	each —	呂宋芒果
Mango, Saigon—Sai Kung Mong	—	西貢芒果
Mangosteens—San Chak Tsz	dozen —	山竹子
Oranges, (Canton)—San Shing Tim Chang	40	省城橙
Small—Tsi Kut	—	小柑

Olive, —Pak Lam	6	白櫻
Pears, (American),—Kam San Shui Li	10	金山梨
" (Canton), Cooking,—Sá Li	10	沙梨
" (Shanghai),—Sheung Hai Li.	30	上海梨
Peanuts,—Fó Sang	10	花生
Persimmons Large,—Hing Chie	10	紅柿
Pine-apples, 1st quality,—Sheung Poon Tai Fay Law each	12	本地蘋果
" 2nd cooking,—Chung-tang-paw-law	—	中等
Plantains,—Tai Cheu	2	大蕉
Pumpo,—Swatow Hung Lai... ..	—	紅栗
Pumelo, Siam,—Ohni Lo Yau	10	番荔枝

Wanwa, —Hop Tuo	...	...	...	...	...	...
" Green,—Sang Hop Tuo	...	...	...	...	...	10

Vegetables, &c.

Artichokes, Shanghai—Sheung Hai Ah Chi Cheuk	...	...	...	...	...	70
Beans, (French), Macao,—Oh Moon Pin Ta (French), Shanghai,—Sheung Hai Pin Tau; ...	...	...	...	...	...	—

合興
生合號

菜蔬
丁治仲
澳門總運
上海總運

..	Sprout, —Ah Choi	2	才菜
..	Long, —Tau Kok	6	不豉紅有菜
Beet Root, —Hung Chai Anu ...	each ...	2	紅有菜	
Brinjals, Green, —Ching Yuen Ker ...	...	—	青有菜
..	Red, —Hung Ker...	3	紅有菜
Brassica, —Pak Choi...	3	白有菜
Bamboo Shoots, —Chenk Shan ...	...	8	白竹笋
Cabbage, Chinese, com. —Kai Choi ...	...	4	青竹笋
Cabbage Red, —Kai Lau Tau ...	each ...	—	不豉紅有菜	
Cabbage, (Shanghai), —Yeh Choi ...	...	2	不豉紅有菜

Cane Shoots, Cucumber	大芥菜
Cauliflower, Large size, - Tai Yeh Choi-fa each	大芥菜
" Medium size, - Cheung Yeh Choi-fa	中芥菜
" Small size, - Sai Yeh Choi Fa	細芥菜
Carrots, - Kam Shun	金笋
Celery, Chinese, - Tong Kam Choi	磨刀菜
" English, - Yeung, "	洋芹菜
" White, - Pak, "	白洋芹
Chilies Dried, - Con Lat Chiu	乾辣椒
" Red, - Hung Fa, "	紅花辣
" Green, - Ching Lat Chiu	青辣

Cucumbers, —Ching Kwa	...	...	5	青瓜
Bitter Squash, —Fu Kwa	...	...	5	苦瓜
Ginger, —Suen Tai	...	...	6	薑
Garlic, young, —Sun Tsz Keung	...	...	5	新蒜
" old, —Lo Keung	...	...	4	老蒜
Horse Radish, —Sui Lai Kan	...	...	30	大力根
Indian Corn, —Suk Mai	...	place	—	粟米
Lettuces, —Yung Sang Choi	...	"	1	生菜
Water Chestnuts, —Ma Tai	...	"	4	浮海菜
" Mandarin, —Kwei Lum Ma Tai	...	"	9	桂林馬蹄
Mushrooms, Fresh, —Sang Cho Khe	...	...	12	生蘑菇

Onions, Bombay, — Young Ching an	...	6	洋蔥
" Green, — Sang Churg	...	3	生蔥
" Shanghai, — Sheng Hai Chung Tai	...	5	上海青蔥
" Japan, — Yut Poon	...	2	日本青蔥
Parsley, — Kun Oh	...	1	荷蘭芹
Gradus Pee, — Ho Lan Tai	...	—	荷蘭豆
Green Peas, — Ching Tai	...	—	荷蘭豆
Potatoes, Sweet, — Fan Shu	...	2	甘薯
" Shanghai, — Sheng Hai Shu Tai	...	3	上海甘薯
" Japan, — Yut Poon Shu Tai	...	—	日本甘薯
" American, — Fa Ki	...	—	花旗甘薯
" Foochow, — Fuk Chan Shu Tai	...	—	福州甘薯
" Macao, — Oh Moon	...	—	澳門甘薯
Pumpkin, — Toong Kw	...	3	冬瓜
Radish, — Hung Lo Pak Tai	...	dozen	紅蘿蔔
" French, — Tai Wong	...	—	法國蘿蔔

Sjalota, — Con Uhing Tau	...	...	8.
Splnach, (Chinese) — Paw Choh	...	...	—
Splnach, — Yin Choh	...	...	—
Tomatoe, — Fan Ker	...	...	5
Taro, — Wu Tau	...	...	3
Turnips, Puntl, (Long), — Low Pak	...	...	\$
" English, — Jeung Low Pak	piece	—	—
Vegetable Marrow, — Ohit Kwe	...	...	\$
Water Cress, — Sal Young Choh	...	...	8
" Lilyroot, — Lin Ngan	...	...	4
Yams, — Ta Shu	...	...	3

H. A. JOHANSSON,
Acting Inspector of Markets.

Vessels Advertised as Loading.

Destination.	Vessels.	Agents.	Date of Leaving.
Australian Ports	Australian (s).....	Jebb, Livingston & Co.	Oct. 15, at Noon.

Australian Ports	Chungking (s)	Durres and S. Swire	October 1
Amoy, Straits, Rangoon	Pentagon (s)	Swire	Sept. 21, Daylight
Durban, East, London	Penang (s)	31st, Livingston & Co.	Sept. 21, Daylight
Genoa, Mass., Liverpool	Indomeneus (s)	Butterfield & Swire	Sept. 20, at Noon
Genoa, Mass., Y. Pool	Pingouay (s)	Butterfield & Swire	October 22
Havre, L'don & A'erp	Merionethshire (s)	Shewan, Thomas & Co.	About Sept. 23
Japan	Tijljar (s)	Jawa-China-Japan Lj.	2nd half of Sept.
Japan	Tijljar (s)	Jawa-China-Japan Lj.	1st half of Oct.
L' on, Am'dam, A'erp	Tydenh (s)	Butterfield & Swire	Sept. 27

L'don, Am'd'm, A'erp	Patricius (s)	Butterfield & Swire	Oct. 11,
L'don, Am'd'm, A'erp	schillor (s)	Butterfield & Swire	Oct. 15,
London, &c	W. D. N. Co.	Butterfield & Swire	Sept. 24, at Noon.
London, &c	Foranra (s)	P. & O. S. N. Co.	about Sept. 30.
London, &c	Australian (s)	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Sept. 24, Daylight.
Manila	Tremont (s)	Dowtell & Co. Limited	about Sept. 24.
Manila	Rubi (s)	Shewan, Tomes & Co	Sept. 24 at 10 a.m.
Manila	Zafro (s)	Shewan, Tomes & Co	Oct. 1, at 10 a.m.
Manila	Tea (s)	Butterfield & Swire	September 27.

Manila, Cebu & Iloilo	Longsight (n)	JARVIS, J. H. & Co.	Sept. 23, 11 a. m.
New York & Suez Canal	Sungshang (n)	Do	" " " "
New York & Suez Canal	Regatta (n)	Do	" " " "
New York & Suez Canal	Edwards (n)	Dowell & Co., Limited	About Sept. 30.
New York & Suez Canal	Claverburn (n)	Dowell & Co., Ltd.	About October 6.
Ningpo and Sh-nghai	Whanqua (n)	Shewan, Tomes & Co	About Oct. 18.
S'pore, Pang, C'ibo & Austria (n)	Butterfield & Swire.		September 22.
Shanghai.	Sander, Wihler & Co		Sept. 30, p.m.
S'hai, Y'nam & Kobe	Malta (n)	P. & O. S. N. Co.	About Sept. 24.
	T'iste (n)	Sander, Wihler & Co.	Sept. 21, p.m.

S'haland Portland, Or	Niummita (s)	Portland & A. S. Co.	October 10.
S'haland Portland, Or	Nuxtomedia (s)	Portland & A. S. Co.	November 27.
S'haland Portland, Or	Orange (s)	Portland & A. S. Co.	November 27.
S'pore, Pang, Cebu, Manila	Orange (s) (s)	D. Saseoon, Sone & Co.	Sept. 22, at 3 p.m.
S'pore, Pang, Cebu, Manila	Providence (s)	Osaka Shoen Kaisha	Sept. 21, at 10 a.m.
S'tow, Amoy & Tamsui	Ritjiljog (s)	Osaka Shoen Kaisha	Sept. 25, at 10 a.m.
S'tow, Amoy, Foochow	Triumph (s)	Osaka Shoen Kaisha	Sept. 28, at 1 a.m.
S'tow, Amoy & Tamsui	M. Struve (s)	Osaka Shoen Kaisha	(Oct. 2, at 10 a.m.
S'tow, O'fian & T'suin	Kanasa (s)	Butterfield & Swire.	Sept. 28.

Victoria, B.C., Tacoma	Shammut (s)	Dodwell & Co. Limited	September 24,
Victoria, B.C., Tacoma	Tremont (s)	Dodwell & Co. Limited	October 7,
Victoria, B.C., Tacoma	Lyra (s)	Dodwell & Co. Limited	October 20,
Vancouver (B.C.), &c.	Japan (s)	Canadian P'f's R. Co.	Sept. 21,
Vancouver (B.C.), &c.	Athenian (s)	Canadian P'f's R. Co.	October 12,
Vancouver (B.C.), &c.	Repruss of China (s) ..	Canadian P'f's R. Co.	October 19,

SHARE LIST.—QUOTATIONS.

Stocks.	No. of Shares.	Value.	Paid up.	Market Quotations.
BANKS.				
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Corp.	80,000	£ 125	all	£160, 100/10
National Bank of China, Limited ..	10,000	£ 10	£ 5	London, £28
	25,000	£ 10	£ 5	£30

Do. Founders' shares		760 £	1 £	1 \$10, buyers
FIRE INSURANCES.				
Canton Insurance Office Co. Ltd...	10,000 £	250 \$	80 \$225, buyers	
China Trading Insurance Co. Ltd...	10,000 £	262 \$	25 \$62, sellers	
North-China Insurance Co. Ltd...	10,000 £	16 £	12 7 ¹ / ₂ \$ sales & buyers	
Union Insurance Society, Ltd.....	10,000 £	26 \$	100 \$650, sales	
Yangtze Insurance Association, Ltd.	8,000 \$	100 \$	80 \$140	
FIRE INSURANCES.				
	20,000 \$	100 \$	80 \$87, buyers	

Owens Fire Insurance Co., La.		\$,000	=	250	50	\$80 buyers
Hampshire Fire Insurance Co., Le.						
(10) NEW YORK, ETC.						
Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Co Ltd.	60,000	=	50	all	\$228 sellers	
C. O. Fenwick & Co., Limited.	6,000	=	50	=	25	\$247 sellers
New Amoy Dock Co. Ltd.	6,000	=	50	=	85	\$274 sellers
S. C. Fairbank, Boyd & Co. Ltd.	15,700				11a100	Tis. 182
(11) AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, ETC.						
Chine and Nieuwe S. S. Co. Ltd.	30,000	=	50	=	50	\$291 buyers

Douglas Steamship Co., Limited	20,000	£	55	10	550, sellers
P.K. C. and M. Steamship Co., Ltd.	20,000	£	56	10	130, sellers
Indo-China S. N. Company, Limited	60,000	£	10	10	128, sales
Star Ferry Company, Ltd.	10,000	£	9	10	41, sellers
Star Ferry Company, Ltd.	10,000	£	10	5	531, sellers
Ship Transport & Trading Co., Ltd.	10,000	£	1	24	4/anyors
Toku Toy and Lighter Co., Ltd.	8,600	£	60	60	30, a/s
Shanghai Tow & Lighter Co., Ltd.	200,000	£	60	60	30, a/s
Shanghai Tow & Lighter Co., Ltd.	200,000	£	60	60	30, a/s

do.	Preference.	100,000			(Tls. 44, sales
PREFERRING.					
China Sugar Company, Limited....		20,000	S	100	a 213, buyers
Luzon Sugar Company, Limited....		7,000	a	100	a 80, sales
Persak Sugar Cultivation Co., Ltd....		7,000	Tls.	60	c 60, sales
WHEAT.					
H. K. & Kow, Wharf & Godown Co.		30,000	\$	60	all 213, buyers
Shanghai and Hongkong Wharf Co.		20,100	Tls.	100	Ts100 Tls. 165, buyers
LAND AND BUILDING.					

Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Company, Limited	50,000	10s. 0	100	\$164, sellers
Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd.	52,000	11s. 6	110.50	\$111, sales
Kowloon Land and Building Company	6,000	5	30	\$39, sales
Wharfedale Land & Building Co., Ltd.	3,784	11s. 2	11s. 25	\$10, buyers
Thompson's Estate & Finance Co.	100,000	11	11	\$127.5, buyers
West Point Building Co., Limited	5,000	10s. 0	2 1/2	\$5, buyers
	13,500	6	50	\$61, sellers

TRAMWAYS.					
H.K. High-Level Tramways Co., Ltd.	1,250	£	100	all	\$300
MINING.					
Société Française des Charbon- nages du Tonkin,	18,000	Fcs.	250	all	\$490
North Aust. Gold Mining Co., Ltd., 5732	200,000	£	1	15/10	16½ buyers
HOTELS.					
Hongkong Hotel Company, Ltd., ..	12,000	£	50	all	\$136, sales
Astor House Hotel Ltd. (Tientsin), ..	2,000	F.Ts.	60	15/10	Flr. 160, sales

Astor House Hotel Co., Ltd. (S'hai)	30,000	\$	25	\$	25	830, sales
DEPRECIATION						
A. S. Watson & Co., Limited,	60,000	\$	10	\$	10	215, sellers
Watkins Limited	10,000	\$	10	\$	10	194, buyers
LIGHTING						
H.K. and China Gas Co., Limited, ..	7,000	\$	10	\$	10	3160, buyers
Shanghai Gas Company, Ltd.,	8,000	Tls.	60	Tls.	60	716, 99, buyers
Hongkong Electric Co., Limited, ..	30,000	\$	10	\$	10	215, sellers
New Electric (new issue)	30,000	\$	10	\$	10	215, sellers

BRICK AND CEMENT.	60,000	\$	10	\$	10	\$21, buyers
Green Island Cement Co., Ltd.						
MISCELLANEOUS.						
Bells Asbestos Eastern Agency. |	8,804	£	12/8	£	12/6	\$5, buyers
United Asbestos Oriental Agency. |		£	10	£	4	\$94, buyers
Unlimited		£	10	£	4	\$18, buyers
Flk. Stone Water-Proofing Co., Ltd.	7,000	£	10	£	10	\$102, buyers
Hawkebury Dairy Farm Co., Ltd.	10,000	£	24	all	22	\$121, buyers

Hongkong Ice Company, Limited,	5,000	£	25	all	£260, sellers
Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd.,	7,200	£	20	£ 20	The 390
Shan Planting Company, Ltd.,	20,000	£	5	£ 5	81
Shang Repe Manufacturing Co.,	10,000	£	5	all	£140, sellers
Hongkong Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd.	10,000	£	10	£ 10	£112, ex dir., sellers
Kwo Cotton Spinning and Weav-	20,000	£	5	£ 5	£ 30, sellers
ing Co., Ltd.					
International Cotton Manufac-	10,000	£	75	£ 75	£ 25
turing Co., Ltd.					

Lao-Kung-Mow Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.	8,000	Tls. 100	Tls100	Tls. 22 1/2
or Chee Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd.	5,000	Tls. 500	Tls 6	Tls. 16 1/2, sellers
China Provident Loan Mortgage Co. Ltd.	20,000	\$ 10	\$ 10	24 1/2, buyers
China Borneo Company, Ltd.	60,000	\$ 15	\$ 12	\$11, buyers
Campbell, Moore & Co., Limited	1,200	\$ 10	all	\$37, buyers
W. H. Bell, Ltd.	2,000	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$23, sales
Strait and Hongkong Trading				

and Cleaning Co. Ltd.	1,200	\$	60	\$60	\$60
The Canton-Hongkong Ice and Cold Storage Company, Limited	70,000	\$	10	\$10	\$10, Nominal
OTCAR COMPANIES					
Philippine Co. Ltd.	67,500	\$	60	\$10	\$93, sellers
Albarras Limited.	50	\$	100	\$5	\$150, sellers

Country	Value	Rate	Term	Quotation
Chinese Imperial 1888	Tls. 787,300	Tls. 25.	7 1/2 p. annuo	Par.

VERNON and SMYTH, *Share Brokers*

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Persian, Oily, cash,	U.S. Pathfinder, Kora, Koungam,	Do. Do. 1 P.M. 75
Allowance, Teak,	Cosmogonite,	Do. Do. 4 P.M. 75
Persian Paper tied,	840/950	Do. Maximum
Allowance, Teak,	Aberdeen,	Do. Minimum over night 77

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